

SUMMARY

Gibbons have been shown to shed virus in their saliva for long periods following experimental infection with Herpesvirus hominis. Recrudescence of herpetic lesions can be elicited by the intramuscular injection of epinephrine. The site of virus localization in chronically infected animals has not been determined. Experimental herpetic encephalitis has not been produced in gibbons.

PUBLICATIONS

The gibbon (Hylobates lar) a new Primate Host for Herpesvirus hominis I. Natural infection by Smith P.C., Yuill, T.M., Buchanan, R.D., and Chaicumpa, V., In Press Journal of Inf. Dis.